

Name _____

Date _____

OPERATION WILDLIFE VOCABULARY EXERCISE #2 ANSWERS

Match the words in the word box with the definitions below:

Invasive species	Over-hunting/over-fishing	
Recycling		
Poaching	Predator	Papahanaumokuakea
Pollution	Malama Ki Forest Reserve	Population
Increase		

Invasive Species: _A species found in an area where it does not normally exist, and due to lack of natural enemies, multiplies rapidly, causing harm to the native plants and animals; simply called a pest.

Over-hunting/over-fishing: Animals and fish are being killed faster than nature can replace them; eventually, if not restricted, can lead to extinction.

Papahanaumokuakea: The Hawaiian name for the Northwest Hawaiian Islands National Monument, the world's largest ocean water conservation area, located north of Kauai. To keep the ecosystem undisturbed, no fishing or people are allowed.

Predator: An animal that hunts other animals for food.

Recycling: Collecting and reprocessing a resource so it can be used again, such as aluminum cans, newspaper, plastics, glass, old electronic items (especially computers, cell phones).

Malama Ki Forest Reserve: Volcanic lava has destroyed the habitat of the already endangered endemic native forest birds such as the Amakihi, I'iwi, and the Hawaiian Crow.

Poaching: To hunt animals for fun and personal gain.

Pollution: Unclean water, air or soil and toxic chemicals from industrial waste, pesticides, erosion, trash and litter can affect the health, survival or activities of humans, animals, and plants.

Population Increase: Human population growth that destroys animal habitats; can cause more conflicts between people and animals.

Assistance League of Hawaii
Operation Wildlife 2024-25